

**ANEMIYA BILAN OG'RIGAN BOLALARDA FERSINOL DORI PREPARATIDAN FOYDALANISH  
SAMARADORLIGI**

Fazliddinov Janobiddin Zaynobiddin o'g'li

Samarqand Davlat Tibbiyot Universiteti, "Davolash ishi" fakulteti,  
3-bosqich talabasi.

Egamberdiyev Husniddin Shavkat o'g'li

Samarqand Davlat Tibbiyot Universiteti, "Davolash ishi" fakulteti,  
3-bosqich talabasi.

**Annotatsiya:** Siz doimo zaiflik sezasizmi.? Tez charchaysizmi.? Teringiz esa oqarib ketgandek rangpar tusga ega bo'ladimi.? Endi savollarni qayta o'qing va yaxshilab o'ylab ko'ring. Ehtimol, bularning barchasi anemiya bilan bog'liqdir. Ushbu maqolada bu nimani anglatishi va u bilan qanday kurashish haqida ma'lumot berib o'tilgan. Boshqa ko'plab qon kasalliklaridan farqli o'laroq, kamqonlik juda keng tarqalgan: statistik ma'lumotlarga ko'ra, dunyo aholisining chorak qismi anemiyadan aziyat chekmoqda. Yaxshiyamki, aksariyat hollarda gap kasallikning yengil shakllari haqida boradi, vaholanki ular ba'zida sog'ligingizga va kayfiyatizingizga tahdid solishi mumkin.

**Kalit so'zlar:** Anemiya, fersinol dori preparati, kamqonlik, tabletka, parvarishlash dozasi, klinik ma'lumotlar, simptom, oshqozon-ichak trakti, diareya, dinamika, gemoglobin.

**Abstract:** Do you always feel weak.? Do you get tired easily.? Does your skin look pale.? Now read the questions again and think carefully.? Perhaps it all has to do with anemia. This article explains what it means and how to deal with it. Unlike many other blood diseases, anemia is very common: according to statistics, a quarter of the world's population suffers from anemia. Fortunately, in most cases, these are mild forms of the disease, although sometimes they can threaten your health and mood.

**Keywords:** Anemia, Fercinol drug, anemia, tablet, maintenance dose, clinical data, symptom, gastrointestinal tract, diarrhea, dynamics, hemoglobin.

**Резюме:** Вы всегда чувствуете себя слабым.? Вы легко устаете.? Ваша кожа выглядит бледной.? Теперь прочтайте вопросы еще раз и хорошенько подумайте. Возможно, все это связано с анемией. В этой статье объясняется, что это значит и как с этим бороться. В отличие от многих других заболеваний крови, анемия очень распространена: по статистике анемией страдает четверть населения земного шара. К счастью, в большинстве случаев это легкие формы заболевания, хотя иногда они могут угрожать вашему здоровью и настроению.

**Ключевые слова:** Анемия, препарат ферцинол, анемия, таблетка, поддерживающая доза, клинические данные, симптом, желудочно-кишечный тракт, диарея, динамика, гемоглобин.

**Ishning maqsadi:** Kamqonlik bilan og'rigan bemor bolalarda fersinol dori moddasining ta'sir samaradorligini o'rganish.

**Materiallar va tadqiqot usullari:** Ikki hafta davomida asosiy davolanish bilan parallel ravishda kuniga Fersinol preparatini, 2 mahal 2 tabletkadan iste'mol qilgan 6-12 yoshdagi 60 nafar anemiya bilan og'rigan bemor bolalarni tekshirdik. Kurs tugagandan so'ng, parvarishlash dozasi qabul qilindi - ikki oy

davomida kuniga bir mahal 1 tabletkadan. Samaradorlik tadqiqotdan oldin va keyin klinik ma'lumotlarga asoslangan holda baholandi.

**Natijalar:** Fersinol preparati bilan davolash kursining oxirida, anemiya bilan og'rigan bolalar sub'ektiv va ob'ektiv tekshiruvdan o'tkazildi. Fersinol preparati bemorlarning gematopoetik jarayonlariga ijobiy ta'sir ko'rsatadi, anemiya belgilarini kamaytiradi va asoratlarni rivojlanishiga to'sqinlik qiladi. Dinamik shkala bo'yicha olingan kamqonlikda sub'ektiv va ob'ektiv simptomlar dinamikasini tahlil qilish natijalari ko'p hollarda - 80% (48 bemor) - Fersinol anemiya kursiga ijobiy ta'sir ko'rsatdi va faqat 20%(12 bemor) hollarda ta'sir (dinamikasiz) aniqlanmadi. Davolash paytida salbiy dinamika oshqozon-ichak trakti tomonidan kuzatildi, masalan, ko'ngil aynishi, axlat rangini o'zgarishi, axlat rangining qorayishi, diareya holatlari. Bu preparatni ovqat bilan birga qabul qilish yoki tavsiya etilgan dozani asta-sekin oshirish orqali minimal darajaga tushirilishi mumkin. Fersinol preparati bir tabletkadan kuniga ikki mahal 2 oy davomida, so'ng bir tabletkadan bir marta 1 oy davomida foydalanish mumkin. Preparat berilgandan so'ng bemorlarning 50 tasida Hb-110mg/l, 10 tasida Hb-80 mg/l ekanligi aniqlandi. Preparat qo'llanilganda anemianing ob'ektiv va sub'ektiv belgilarini kamaytirdi.

**Xulosa:** Fersinol preparati anemiya kasalligida ijobiy ta'sir ko'rsatdi, bolalarda kasallikkarning davomiyligi va og'irligini kamaytirdi. Hozirgi kunda Fersinol preparatini bolalar orasida qo'llash orqali kasallikning oldini olish va davolash mumkin.

#### Foydalilanilgan adabiyotlar ro'yxati:

1. Petrov V. N., Baxramov S. M., Farmankulov X. K., Jelezodefitsitnie anemii, T., 1995.Saidjalol Bahromov.
2. O'zME (<https://uz.m.wikipedia.org/wiki/O%CA%BBzME>). Birinchi jild. Toshkent, 2000-yil.
3. VITAinfo.uz dorilar haqida assosiy ma'lumotlar sayti.
4. S.S.Azizova Farmakologiya darslik kitob. Toshkent, 2006-yil.
5. B.Qoraxo'jayev, I.T.Salomov, M.N.Abdullayeva Bolalar kasalliklari propedevtikasi darslik kitob. Toshkent, 2006-yil.
6. Fazliddinov J.Z, Rustamova X.X "International conference dedicated to the role and importance of innovative education in the 21<sup>st</sup> century 2022/7" 152-154 betlar. 2022-yil
7. ХАЛИМОВА, Х. М., РАШИДОВА, Н. С., & РАХМАТУЛЛАЕВА, Г. К. (2022). БИРЛАМЧИ БОШ ОФРИҚЛАРИ ПАТОГЕНЕЗИДА НЕЙРОТРОФИК ОМИЛЛАРНИНГ АҲАМИЯТИ. ЖУРНАЛ БИОМЕДИЦИНЫ И ПРАКТИКИ, 7(1).
8. Rashidova, N., Khalimova, K., Rakhmatullaeva, G., & Holmuratova, B. (2021). Anxiety-depressive disorders in women with migraine. Journal of the Neurological Sciences, 429, 119306.
9. Халимова, Х. М., Рашидова, Н. С., & Холмуратова, Б. Н. (2021). ГЕНДЕРНАЯ ХАРАКТЕРИСТИКА И ОСОБЕННОСТИ ТЕЧЕНИЯ ПЕРВИЧНЫХ ГОЛОВНЫХ БОЛЕЙ. ЖУРНАЛ БИОМЕДИЦИНЫ И ПРАКТИКИ, 6(1).
10. Halimova, N. M., Rashidova, N. S., & Holmuratova, B. N. GENDER CHARACTERISTICS AND FEATURES OF THE COURSE OF PRIMARY HEADACHES. БИОМЕДИЦИНА ВА АМАЛИЁТ ЖУРНАЛИ, 64.
11. Rashidova, N., Khalimova, K., Rakhimbaeva, G., & Holmuratova, B. (2018, December). Comparative Characteristic of Glial Fibrillary Acidic Protein in Women with Genuine and Idiopathic Epilepsy. In EPILEPSIA (Vol. 59, pp. S88-S89). 111 RIVER ST, HOBOKEN 07030-5774, NJ USA: WILEY.

12. Rashidova, N., Khalimova, K., Rakhimbaeva, G., & Holmuratova, B. (2018, December). Functional State of Reproductive System of Women with Epilepsy Treated with Antiepileptic Drugs. In EPILEPSIA (Vol. 59, pp. S89-S89). 111 RIVER ST, HOBOKEN 07030-5774, NJ USA: WILEY.
13. KHAMDAMOV, S. J., & USMANOV, A. (2022). NEW METHODOLOGICAL RECOMMENDATIONS FOR ECONOMIC GROWTH. Архив научных исследований, 2(1).
14. Khamdamov, S. J. (2021, December). Calculating Share of Factors of Intensive Economic Growth in Uzbekistan. In The 5th International Conference on Future Networks & Distributed Systems (pp. 393-397).
15. Jakhon, K. S. ANALYSIS OF FACTORS OF INTENSIVE ECONOMIC GROWTH IN UZBEKISTAN.
16. Хамдамов, Ш. Ж. (2022). БАРҚАРОР ИҚТИСОДИЙ РИВОЖЛАНИШНИНГ НАЗАРИЙ ЖИҲАТЛАРИ. Экономика и образование, 23(Maxsus\_son), 19-24.
17. Khamdamov, S. J., & Akramova, D. (2022). Correlation specificity of neuroimaging changes with clinic syndromes in Parkinson's disease, vascular parkinsonism and chronic cerebral ischemia (Doctoral dissertation, Prague/Czech Republic).
18. Ҳамдамов, Ш. Ж. (2021). ЎЗБЕКИСТОНДА ИНТЕНСИВ ИҚТИСОДИЙ ЎСИШ ОМИЛЛАРИНИНГ ЎЗАРО САЛМОҒИНИ АНИҚЛАШ. Экономика и образование, (5), 84-88.
19. Khamdamov, S. J., & Akramova, D. (2021). Aspects of the vegetative disorders occurrence in the Parkinson's disease and Vascular Parkinsonism. Journal of the Neurological Sciences, 429, 119533.
20. угли Хамдамов, Ш. Ж. Р. (2020). ОЦЕНКА УРОВНЯ ИНТЕНСИВНОГО РОСТА РЕСПУБЛИКИ УЗБЕКИСТАН. ББК 72 И120, 113.
21. Salikhovna, Y. S. (2022). Basics of Hygienic Assessment of Children's Physical Development in Preschool Educational Institutions. AMALIY VA TIBBIYOT FANLARI ILMIY JURNALI, 119-123.
22. Ядгарова, Ш. С., Сайтов, Ш. О., & Набиева, С. С. (2020). ТРЕБОВАНИЯ К ПИТАНИЮ И ПРИМЕНЕНИЕ БИОЛОГИЧЕСКИ АКТИВНЫХ ДОБАВОК ПРИ COVID-19. Новый день в медицине, (4), 715-717.
23. Salikhovna, Y. S. (2022). A Modern Approach to the Health Status and Cognitive Development of Children and Adolescents During The Reform of the Preschool Educational Institution. AMALIY VA TIBBIYOT FANLARI ILMIY JURNALI, 124-127.
24. Salikhovna, Y. S. (2022). MODERN VIEW ON THE GROWTH AND DEVELOPMENT OF THE CHILD IN THE CONTEXT OF THE REFORM OF PRESCHOOL EDUCATION. BARQARORLIK VA YETAKCHI TADQIQOTLAR ONLAYN ILMIY JURNALI, 890-893.
25. Salikhovna, Y. S. (2022). SCIENTIFIC AND METHODOLOGICAL BASES OF A DOCTOR'S ACTIVITY IN HYGIENE OF CHILDREN AND ADOLESCENTS. BARQARORLIK VA YETAKCHI TADQIQOTLAR ONLAYN ILMIY JURNALI, 132-135.
26. Salikhovna, Y. S. (2022). HYGIENIC ASSESSMENT OF INFORMATIZATION OF EDUCATION AND UPBRINGING. TA'LIM VA RIVOJLANISH TAHLILI ONLAYN ILMIY JURNALI, 124-127.
27. Salikhovna, Y. S. (2022). Hygienic Assessment of Child Growth and Development in the Context of Preschool Education Reform. European Journal of Life Safety and Stability (2660-9630), 15, 62-67.
28. Salixovna, Y. S. (2022). HYGIENIC ASSESSMENT OF THE HEALTH STATE AND PHYSICAL DEVELOPMENT OF PRESCHOOL CHILDREN UNDER COMBINED EXPOSURE TO CHEMICAL FACTORS OF THE ENVIRONMENT. Emergent: Journal of Educational Discoveries and Lifelong Learning (EJEDL), 3(1), 139-144.
29. Рахматов, М. Г. (2021). 1917 ЙИЛДА ЎТКАЗИЛГАН ҚУРУЛТОЙЛАР ҲАМДА ТУРКИСТОН ЎЛКА МУСУЛМОНЛАРИ ШЎРОСИННИНГ ТУЗИЛИШИ. ВЗГЛЯД В ПРОШЛОЕ, 4(9).

- 
- 30. Рахматов, М. Г., & оглы Джабборов, М. С. (2021). ДЕМОКРАТИК ИСЛОҲОТЛАРНИ ЧУҚУРЛАШТИРИШДА МАҲАЛЛА ИНСТИТУТИНинг РОЛИ. ВЗГЛЯД В ПРОШЛОЕ, 4(9).
  - 31. Рахматов, М. Г. (2021). 1917 ЙИЛДА ЎТКАЗИЛГАН БУТУНТУРКИСТОН МУСУЛМОНЛАРИНИНГ ҚУРУЛТОЙЛАРИ. ВЗГЛЯД В ПРОШЛОЕ, 4(6).
  - 32. Jabborov, M., & Rahmatov, M. G. (2021). The period of reconstruction and rise of the history of our people in the years of independence. ACADEMICIA: An International Multidisciplinary Research Journal, 11(3), 192-194.
  - 33. Rakhmatov, M. G. (2020). POLITICAL SITUATIONS IN UZBEKISTAN AND THEIR IMPACT ON CULTURAL LIFE (50S YEARS OF THE TWENTITH CENTURY). Theoretical & Applied Science, (5), 188-191.
  - 34. Рахматов, М. Г. (2019). ТУРАР РЫСКУЛОВ О ГОЛОДЕ В ТУРКЕСТАНСКОЙ АССР И О ЕГО ПОСЛЕДСТВИЯХ. Qazaqtaný, (4), 98-102.
  - 35. Gaybullayevich, R. M. (2017). Increasing of famine at council of ministers and it's outcomes in Fergana region. European Journal of Humanities and Social Sciences, (1).